## Project 1

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https://github.uio.no/FYS3150-G2-2023/Project-1

## PROBLEM 1

$$u(x) = \int \int \frac{d^2u}{dx^2} dx^2$$

$$= \int \int -100e^{-10x} dx^2$$

$$= \int \frac{-100e^{-10x}}{-10} + c_1 dx$$

$$= \int 10e^{-10x} + c_1 dx$$

$$= \frac{10e^{-10x}}{-10} + c_1 x + c_2$$

$$= -e^{-10x} + c_1 x + c_2$$

Using the boundary conditions, we can find  $c_1$  and  $c_2$  as shown below:

$$u(0) = 0$$

$$-e^{-10\cdot 0} + c_1 \cdot 0 + c_2 = 0$$

$$-1 + c_2 = 0$$

$$c_2 = 1$$

$$u(1) = 0$$

$$-e^{-10 \cdot 1} + c_1 \cdot 1 + c_2 = 0$$

$$-e^{-10} + c_1 + c_2 = 0$$

$$c_1 = e^{-10} - c_2$$

$$c_1 = e^{-10} - 1$$

Using the values that we found for  $c_1$  and  $c_2$ , we get

$$u(x) = -e^{-10x} + (e^{-10} - 1)x + 1$$
$$= 1 - (1 - e^{-10}) - e^{-10x}$$

- PROBLEM 2
- PROBLEM 3
- PROBLEM 4
- PROBLEM 5
  - **a**)
  - b)

## PROBLEM 6

- **a**)
- **b**)
- PROBLEM 7
- PROBLEM 8
- PROBLEM 9
- PROBLEM 10